





WRC-23 outcome and WRC-27 preparations

32nd ASMG meeting- 13-16 May 2024, Amman- Jordan

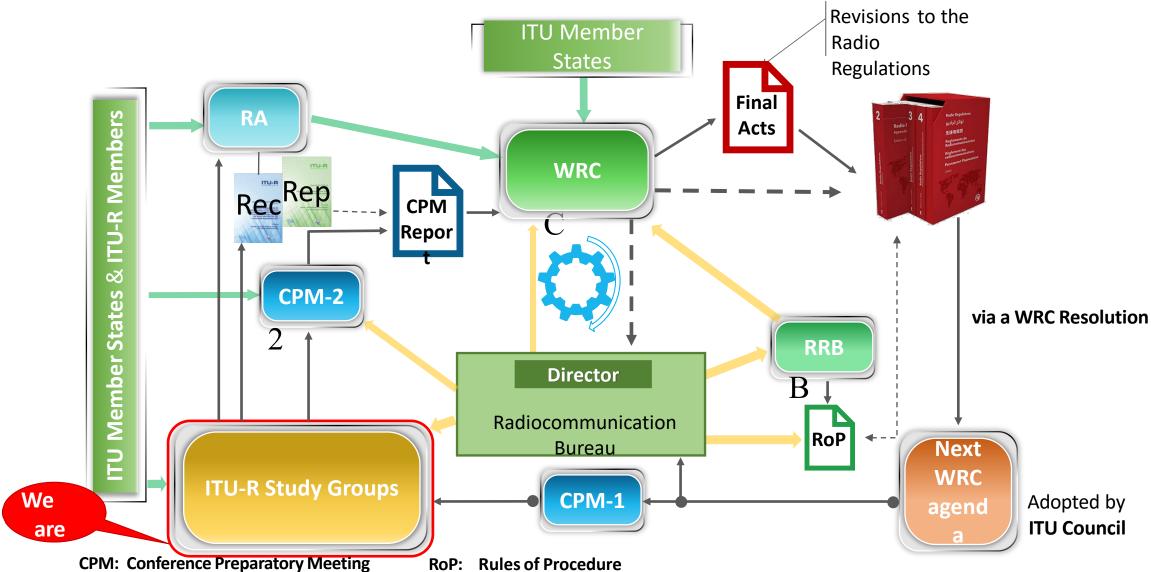
Role of World Radiocommunication Conferences

- ➤ Allocate spectrum for emerging radio applications <-> protect existing users
- ➤ Maintain balance between all radiocommunication services
- > Achieve spectrum harmonization -> economies of scale and equipment interoperability
- Create regulatory certainty for spectrum users, regulators and industry

- ➤ WRCs are organized every 3-4 years
- WRCs update the Radio Regulations (RR)
- > RR is intergovernmental treaty, which is are ratified by governments -> mandatory for application by countries



The WRC cycle



Radiocommunication Assembly RA:

Rec/Rep: ITU-R Recommendation/Report

RoP: Rules of Procedure

Radio Regulations Board

WRC: World Radiocommunication Conference

Overview of RA-23 outputs



Outputs related to WRC

Report from RA to WRC:

- o List of ITU-R Recommendations in force;
- o List of ITU-R Questions in force;
- Status of ITU-R Recommendations incorporated by reference in the RR;
- Important matters arising from the discussions and decisions of the RA to be brought to the attention of WRC.



RA

Outputs related to ITU-R Study Groups activities



Currently, there are **40 ITU-R Resolutions** in force. RA-23 decided as follows:







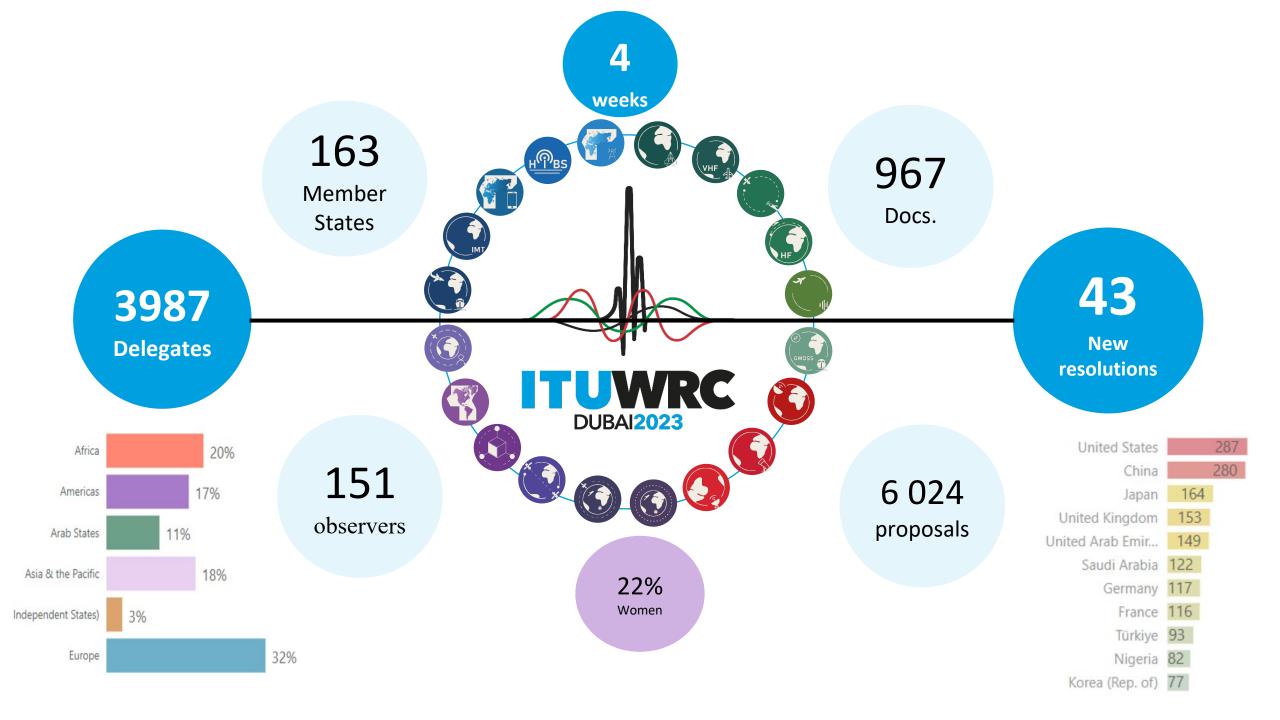


- Resolution ITU-R 72 Promoting gender equality and equity
- Resolution ITU-R 73 Use of IMT technologies for fixed wireless broadband
- Resolution ITU-R 74 Space sustainability
- Resolution ITU-R 75 Strengthening intersectoral coordination (from former Res. ITU-R 6-3, 7-4, 48



Key Outcomes of WRC-23









Agenda Item 1.1 - 4800-4990 MHz Band

470 – 694 MHz

694 - 2700 MHz

3 300-3 400 MHz

3 600-3 800 MHz

4 800-4 990 MHz

6 425-7 125 MHz

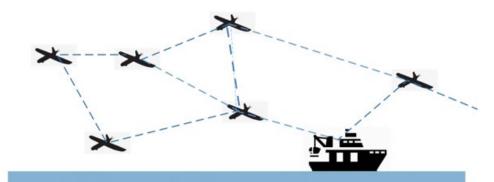
10.0-10.5 GHz

Background

- ➤ WRC-19 identified 4800-4990 MHz for IMT in 39 countries by RR **5.441B**, subject to a PFD limit and agreement seeking procedure of No. **9.21**
- > PFD limit protects aircraft, ships in international waters but it is very stringent: exclusion zone for IMT > 500 km from the coast to comply with this limit

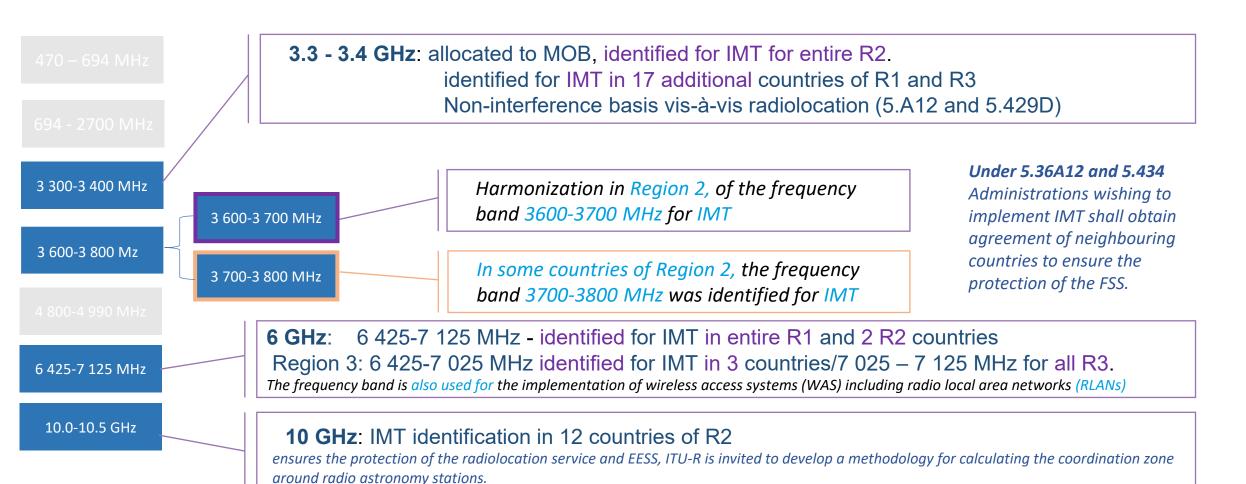
Results

- ➤ No change in PFD limit in RR **5.441B**
- ➤ No change in the list of countries excluded from the limit in Res. 223
- > 14 R1 and R2 countries were added to RR **5.441B**, 7 R1 countries deleted





Agenda item 1.2 – IMT identifications in frequency ranges 3.3 GHz, 3.7 GHz, 6 GHz and 10 GHz





Summary of Agenda item 1.2 decisions

Band, MHz	Region	WRC-23 decisions	RR provisions
	R1	IMT identification in 16 additional countries (mainly African)	MOD 5.429B
3 300 – 3400	R2	Allocation for MOB and identification for IMT for entire R2	MOD Table, 5.429D
	R3	IMT identification in 1 additional country (Singapore)	MOD 5.429F
3 600 – 3 700	R2	IMT identification for entire R2	MOD 5.434
3 700 – 3 800	R2	IMT identification in 15 countries	ADD 5.435B (5.36A12)
6 425-7 125	R1	IMT identification for entire R1	ADD 5.457E (5.6A12)
0 425-7 125	R2	IMT identification in 2 R2 countries (Brazil, Mexico)	ADD 5.457F (5.6C12)
6 425-7 025	R3	IMT identification in 3 R3 countries (Cambodia, Lao P.D.R., Maldives)	ADD 5.457D (5.6B12).
7 025-7 125	R3	IMT identification for entire R3	ADD 5.457E (5.6A12)
10-10.5 GHz	R2	IMT identification in 12 R2 countries	ADD 5.480A (5.10B12)



Agenda items 1.3 and 1.5 – IMT identifications in 3.6 – 3 8 GHz and below 694 MHz in Region 1



470 -694 MHz

694 – 2700 MHz

3 300-3 400 MHz

3 600-3 800 MHz

4 800-4 990 MH

6 425-7 125 MHz

10.0-10.5 GHz

Al 1.5: frequency band 470 – 694 MHz:

- 470-694 MHz secondary allocation to MS (– AMS) in 44 states, WRC-31 review
- 614-694 MHz- primary allocation to MS(-AMS) + IMT identification in 11 states
- 614-694 MHz secondary allocation to MS in 8 African countries

All allocations are subject to field strength limit corresponding to GE06 and the first two allocations are also subject to RR9.21

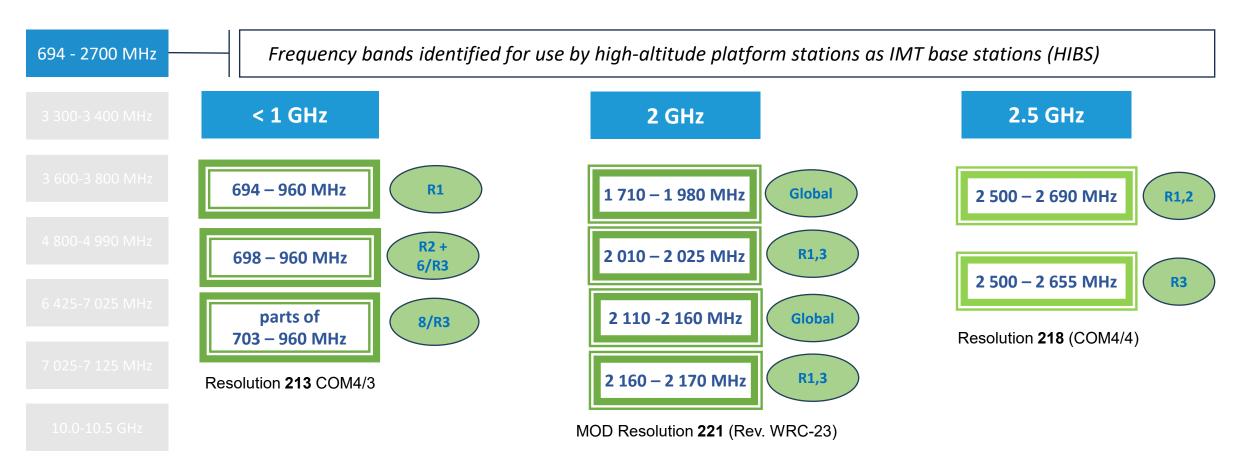
Al 1.3: frequency band 3.6 – 3.8 GHz:

- upgrade of MOB (– AMS) in 3.6 3.8 GHz in the entire R1.
- IMT identification 3.6–3.8 GHz in 60 countries, 3.6–3.7 GHz in 6 countries



Agenda Item 1.4 - HIBS





Implications: HIBS – a new platform to provide mobile broadband with minimal infrastructure using the same frequencies and devices as IMT networks. Extending IMT coverage in remote and rural areas. Maintaining connectivity in case of natural disasters



Aeronautical and maritime issues



Suborbital flights

- NOC under this agenda item
- WRC-23 could not reach agreement on any regulations for suborbital flights



VHF satellite communications with aircraft

- allocation 117.975 137 MHz to aeronautical mobilesatellite (R) service. Protection of terrestrial VHF links, adjacent science services.
- Implications: relaying ground-to-pilots communications via NGSO satellites Complements terrestrial VHF links, enabling communications with planes everywhere, in oceanic and remote areas.



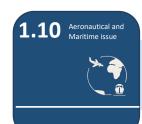
FSS for Unmanned Aircraft Systems

- No decision for using fixed-satellite service for UAS command and control (CNPC) under Res. 155 (Rev.WRC-19)
- WRC-23 suspended any further action on Res. 155, instructed to study AMS(R)S for command and control of UAS



Digitalization of HF aeronautical bands

- WRC-23 added new provisions to RR Appendix 27 to allow the aggregation of existing 3 kHz HF channels and using digital signals
- Implications: opens possibility to introduce digital wideband HF systems. HF comms are still extensively used by aviation for long-range communications over oceanic, polar and remote areas.



Aeronautical non-safety communications & modernization of GMDSS



22-22.2 GHz

15.41-15.7 GHz

HF

MF

1 614.4225-1 618.725 MHz or 1 616.3-1 620.38 MHz

2483.59-2499.91 MHz 15.41-15.7 GHz allocated to secondary AM(OR)S in R1 and 1 R3 country 22-22.2 GHz allocated to primary AM(OR)S in R1 and 5 R3 countries lmplications: enable transfer large data from aircraft, helicopters, drones for different purposes, e.g., surveillance, monitoring, mapping, etc.

Issue A: GMDSS modernization

- removal of NBDP for distress and safety purposes
- introducing automatic connection system (ACS) using DSC in 2/4/6/8/12/16 MHz
- introducing navigation data system (NAVDAT) in MF and HF bands

Issue B: E-Navigation – NOC

<u>Implications:</u> WRC-23 endorsed several modern maritime technologies to support GMDSS significantly contributing to the safety of life at sea.

Issue C: introduction of additional GMDSS satellite provider Provisional Beidou recognition subject to completion of coordination and elimination of interference, see Res. 365 (COM4/5)





Science services



EESS (active)

- Secondary allocation for spaceborne radar sounders in 40-50 MHz. Protection of existing services by geographical, time, PFD limitations, see Res. 677 (COM5/6)
- Implications: enable collection of data from space-based ground penetrating radars on ice in the polar zone



EESS (passive)

- ➤ allocations to in 239.2-242.2 GHz and 244.2-247.2 GHz bands. Non-interference basis vs. terrestrial services in 235-238 GHz.
- ➤ Implications: enable ice cloud imaging, measurement of chemical processes, including ozone, isotopic oxygen, etc.



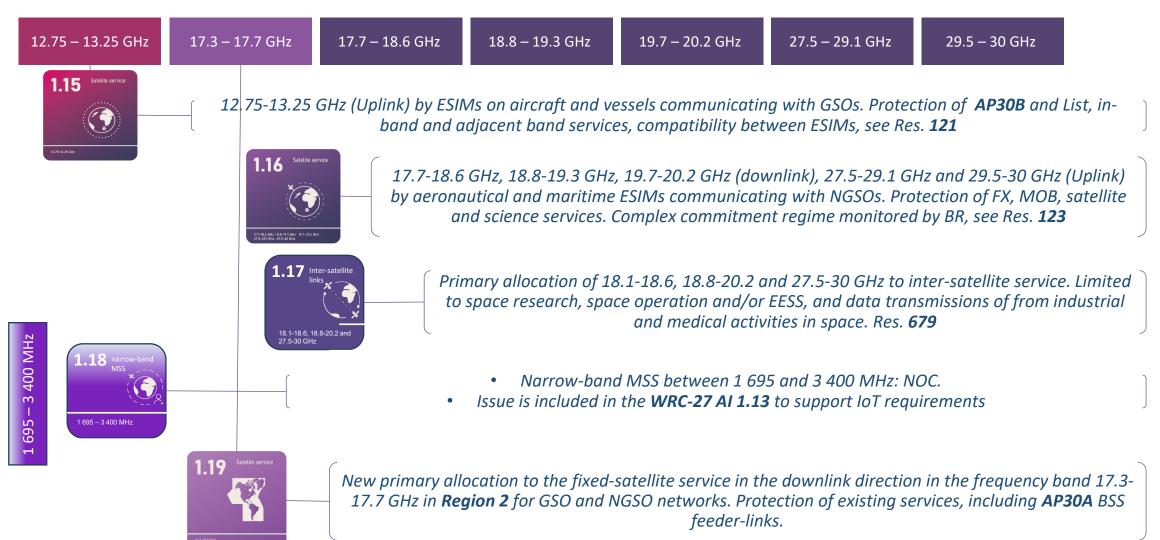
Upgrade of SRS allocation

- ➤ to primary in the 14.8-15.35 GHz for operation in spaceto-space, space-to-Earth and Earth-to-space directions. Protection of FX, MOB, RA, see Res. 678 (COM5/7)
- Implications: will allow for transmission of future scientific data at higher rates



Consider possible changes on advance publication, coordination, notification and recording procedures for frequency assignments pertaining to satellite networks



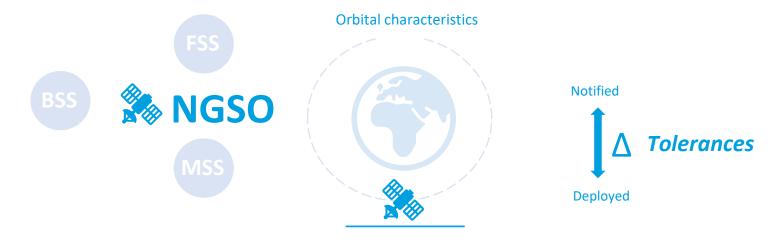




Agenda Item 7 – Regulatory issues



Defined tolerances for certain orbital characteristics of non-geostationary-satellite orbit systems in the fixed-satellite (FSS), broadcasting-satellite (BSS), or mobile-satellite service (MSS) to account for the potential differences between the notified and deployed orbital characteristics (e.g. altitude of the apogee, altitude of the perigee, angle of inclination of the orbital plane) (Res. 8)





Reviewed the milestone-based approach for the implementation of frequency assignments to space stations in a nongeostationary-satellite system in specific frequency bands and services (**Resolution 35**)



estone process Post-milestone procedure

4-year periodic report of the deployment information (incl. number of satellites deployed).

Annual reporting in case the

number falls below the notified number.

Report







Topic	Title	WC-23 decision
7 C	Protection of GSO MSS networks in 7/8 GHz and 20/30 GHz from NGSO	Introduction of a non-interference basis for NGSO networks to protect GSO networks in the same bands
7D1	Modifications to Appendix 1 to Annex 4 of RR Appendix 30B	Correction of formula for calculating aggregate C/I ratio by mentioning correct values of the orbital separation
7D2	New RR AP 4 parameters for Rec. ITU- R S.1503 updates	MOD AP4 to reflect approved modifications in Recommendation ITU-R S.1503
7D3	BR Reminders for BIU and BBIU	BR sends reminders for 90-day requirement for BIU and BBIU. Reminders on completion of 90-day BBIU shall be sent 15 days after the end of the period
7E	RR Appendix 30B improved procedures for new Member States	Modification of Article 7 of Appendix 30B to facilitate creation of new FSS Plan allotments for ITU Member States without any allotment
7F	Excluding uplink service area in AP30A for Regions 1,3 and AP30B	Administration can object to being included in the feeder link service area of any assignment any time (during or after the 4-month period)
7G	Revisions to Resolution 770 (WRC-19) to allow its implementation	Modification of Resolution 770 to add the value of 10% of the probability of non-zero rain attenuation to the parameters of generic GSO reference links
7H	Enhanced protection of APP 30/30A in Regions 1 and 3 and AP 30B	For affected assignment in R1&3 Plan, no decision to assistance reminder = no objection. A commitment to respect the pfd and timeline = agreement
71	Special agreements under RR Appendix 30B	Possibility to restore reference situation of allotment when assistance under §§ 6.13-6.15 applied by introducing agreement between concerned administrations
71	Modifications to Res. 76 (protection GSO FSS and BSS from NGSO)	Regular meetings for non-GSO FSS operators to assess interference. Invitation to develop a methodology for calculating aggregate epfd produced by non-GSO FSS
7K	MOD Res. 553 to remove restrictions preventing effective using Resolution	Several mods to the application of the special procedure, e.g., possibility to apply it to 1 network at time, to change, withdraw CR/C sent under normal procedure

Post-conference activities



ALL WRC-23 DECISIONS WILL ENTER INTO FORCE ON 1.01.2025, EXCEPT THE ONES LISTED IN RESOLUTION 99 (REV.WRC-23)



WRC-23 DEFINITIVE FINAL ACTS NOW AVAILABLE HERE



NEW RADIO REGULATIONS, EDITION 2024 IN AUGUST – SEPTEMBER 2024



BR ISSUED CIRCULAR LETTERS

CA/270 OF 26.01.24 ON THE

RESULTS OF CPM27-1



ADMINISTRATIONS NEED TO UPDATE THE RELEVANT NATIONAL DOCUMENTATION, E.G., NATIONAL FREQUENCY ALLOCATION TABLES







WRC-27 Agenda items (Res.813)





FIXED-SATELLITE AND BROADCASTING-SATELLITE

MOBILE-SATELLITE

1.1	Aeronautical/maritime earth stations in motion	Space-to-space links	
1.1	47.2-50.2 GHz / 50.4-51.4 GHz	1 518-1 544 MHz / 1 545-1 559 MHz	1 1
1.2	13.75-14 GHz – Uplink earth stations	1 610-1 645.5 MHz / 1 646.5-1 660 MHz	4.4
1.3	51.4-52.4 GHz – Gateway earth stations	1 670-1 675 MHz / 2 483.5-2 500 MHz	
1.4	17.3-17.7/8 GHz – Fixed/broadcasting allocation in Region 3	MSS - IoT development	1.1
1.5	Unauthorized operations of non-geostationary-satellite orbit earth stations	1427-1432 MHz / 1645.5-1646.5 MHz 1880- 1920 MHz / 2010-2025 MHz	4.4
1.6	Space sustainability		
1.0	37.5-42.5 GHz / 42.5-43.5 GHz / 47.2-50.2 GHz / 50.4-51.4 GHz	MSS - IMT- direct connectivity	1.1
7	Satellite regulatory issues	MSS – additional allocation	1.1
			_

1.7	4400-4800 MHz	7125-8400 MHz	/ 14.8-15.35 – IMT

1.8 231.5-275 GHz / 275-700 GHz – **Radiolocation**

1.9 Aeronautical mobile (OR) high frequency modernization

1.10 71-76 GHz / 81-86 GHz – Power flux-density / power limits

Lunar communications

Radio Quiet Zones 1.16

Space weather sensors 1.17

≥ 76 GHz – Earth exploration and radio astronomy 1.18

Earth exploration-satellite service

4200 - 4400 MHz / 8400-8500 MHz

FIXED, MOBILE AND RADIOLOCATION

SCIENCE









1.15

1.19

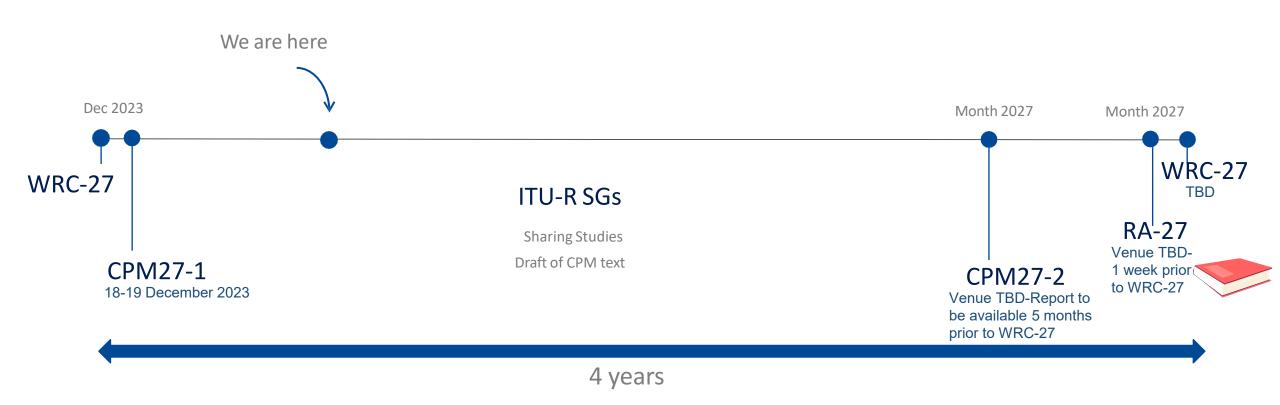
Overlapping frequency bands between some WRC-27 agenda items

(see Annex 4 to CA/270)

Frequency bands	WRC-27 agenda items (responsible groups)
1 427-1 432 MHz; 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz; 1 880-1 920 MHz	1.12 (WP 4C); 1.13 (WP 4C)
1 518-1 544 MHz; 1 545-1 559 MHz; 1 610-1 645.5 MHz; 1 646.5-1 660 MHz; 1 670-1 675 MHz	1.11 (WP 4C); 1.13 (WP 4C)
2 010-2 025 MHz	1.12 (WP 4C); 1.13 (WP 4C); 1.14 (WP 4C)
2 120-2 160 MHz; 2 160-2 170 MHz	1.13 (WP 4C); 1.14 (WP 4C)
2 483.5-2 500 MHz	1.11 (WP 4C); 1.13 (WP 4C); 1.15 (WP 7B)
2 400-2 483.5 MHz; 2 500-2 690 MHz	1.13 (WP 4C); 1.15 (WP 7B)
7 190-7 235 MHz	1.7 (WP 5D); 1.15 (WP 7B)
8 450-8 500 MHz	1.15 (WP 7B); 1.19 (WP 7C)
42.5-43.5 GHz	1.6 (WP 4A); 1.16 (WP 7D)
47.2-50.2 GHz; 50.4-51.4 GHz	1.1 (WP 4A); 1.6 (WP 4A)
71-76 GHz	1.10 (WP 5C); 1.16 (WP 7D); 1.18 (WPs 7C & 7D)
81-86 GHz	1.10 (WP 5C); 1.18 (WP 7C & WP 7D)
114.25-116 GHz; 130-134 GHz	1.16 (WP 7D); 1.18 (WP 7C & WP 7D)

- The responsible groups are invited to exchange the necessary characteristics, parameters and protection criteria to complete studies addressing mutual compatibility and sharing feasibility among the applicable services/applications.
- They should coordinate their work and review, as appropriate, the progress of studies so that any potential difficulties can be addressed.

Preparations for CPM27-2, RA-27 and WRC-27



- o International Telecommunications Union
- Regional Groups
- National Administrations

CPM27-1 results (Resolution ITU-R 2-9)









Dubai, 18-19 December 2023: results published in CA/270 of 26 January 2024 (see at www.itu.int/md/R00-CA-CIR-0270/en)

Appointed the <u>CPM-27 Vice-</u> <u>Chairs</u> and <u>Chapter</u> <u>Rapporteurs</u> Defined the structure of the draft CPM Report (see Annexes 5, 6 and 10 to CA/270) with 5 Chapters, 2 Annexes and 7 Chapter (co-)Rapporteurs

Identified responsible ITU-R Groups :

- 8 existing ITU-R WPs responsible for 20 a.i.s for the WRC-27 a.i.s+ contributing ones
- 8 existing WPs for the 14 items on the WRC-31 preliminary agenda (see Annexes 7 and 8 to CA/270)

For the sharing and compatibility studies, deadline to provide criteria, characteristics and methodologies by <u>31</u>

December 2024

(may be extended up to the **1 July 2025** by the CPM-27 Steering Committee if requested by a WP) (see Annex 4 to CA/270)

Draft CPM Report — ToC (see Annex 5 to CA/270)

Chapter number	Chapter title	WRC-27 agenda items	Chapter Rapporteurs
1	Fixed-satellite and Broadcasting satellite issues	1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 7	Mr Andrew PEGUES (for 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6) Mr Mostafa MOUSA (for 1.5, 7)
2	Fixed, mobile and radiolocation issues	1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10	Mr Richard MAKGOTLHO (for 1.8, 1.9) Mr Abdulla JABER (for 1.7, 1.10)
3	Mobile-satellite issues	1.11, 1.12, 1.13, 1.14	Mr Sergey S. UVAROV
4	Science issues	1.15, 1.16, 1.17, 1.18, 1.19	Mr Jean PLA
5	General issues Annex 1 Annex 2	2, 4 10 (for information only) 8 (for information only)	Mr Bin LIU

Duties of Chapter Rapporteurs

- To act for the Chair of the CPM to ensure that the consistency of format and structure and the guidelines of amount of text are observed.
- To ensure integration of most recent Working Party outputs into consolidated draft CPM text by consultation with or assistance from Working Party Chairs to ensure that CPM work is complete and on time.

Structure of the draft CPM Report for a.i. in each chapter (see Annexes 6 and 10 to CA/270, see also Annex 2 to Res. ITU-R 2-9)

Chapter N Agenda Item 1.XY [Relevant WRC Resolutions if any] N/1.XY/1 Executive Summary* (see § A2.1 of Res. ITU-R 2-9) N/1.XY/2 Background* (see § A2.2 of Res. ITU-R 2-9, incl. "shall not include advertisement, promotional and commercial information") N/1.XY/3 Summary and Analysis of the results of ITU-R studies, including a list of relevant ITU-R Recommendations N/1.XY/4 Method(s) to satisfy the Agenda Item (see § A2.4 of Res. ITU-R 2-9) N/1.XY/5 Regulatory and procedural considerations

Annex 1 – Information on WRC-27 AI 10

2.[x] [label of the preliminary agenda item]

[Text of a short summary of ITU-R studies completed under the preliminary agenda item]

Annex 2 – Information on WRC-27 AI 8

(see the Proposed detailed Structure for the draft CPM Report to WRC-27 at: www.itu.int/oth/R0A0A000023/en)

RA-23 changes to Res. ITU-R 2-9 — CPM



Technical studies contributing to the second session of CPM shall be limited to rationalization



Contributions/prop osals by administrations regarding their country footnotes to CPM should be considered for information only (Annex of the CPM Report)



The background section shall not include advertisement, promotional and commercial information and it should avoid repetition or duplication



Page limit and format for draft CPM texts, should be as concise as possible



Acronyms/
abbreviations
should be included
in the beginning of
the Report



Views of Member States and/Regional **Organizations** should not be included in the draft CPM texts/ Report. A summary of supporting reasons and possible concerns may be included after the method description and should not exceed half a page

The number of new topics under the standing agenda item in accordance with Resolution 86 (Rev.WRC-07) (currently agenda item 7) shall be limited

Conclusions from 31st RAG meeting (25-27 Mach 2024)

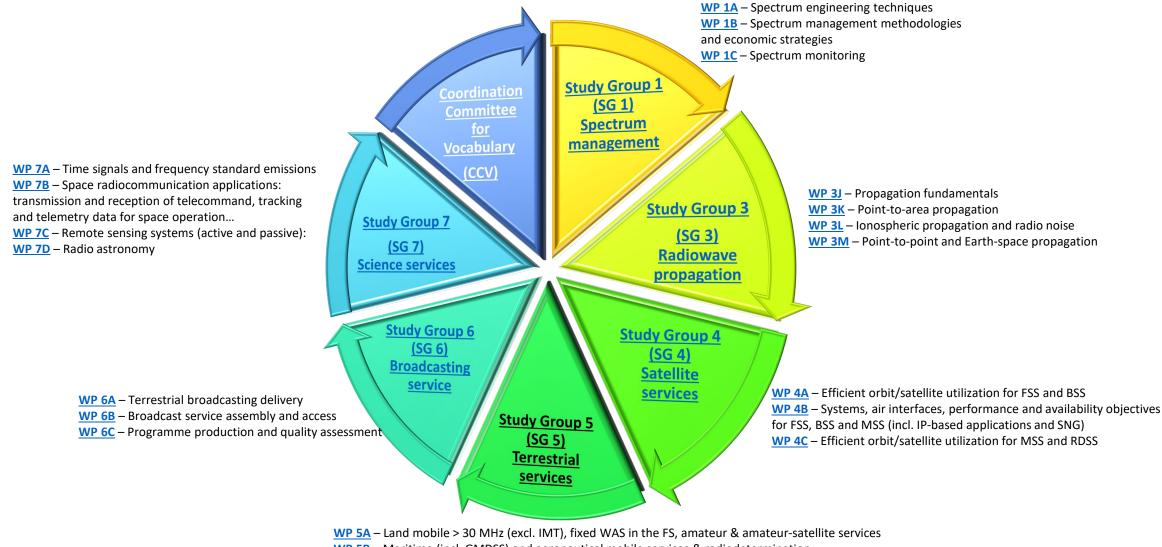
- > A new Correspondence Group (CG), chaired by: Mr Fahad ALGHAMDI (Saudi Arabia)
 - ✓ to improve the CPM Process (see <u>Res. ITU-R 2-9</u>): Conduct a thorough review of the second session of the CPM, in order to identify areas for procedural improvements of preparing the CPM Report.

 CG features (SharePoint folder, Mailing List) on <u>RAG CG webpage</u>
 - ✓ CG to submit a comprehensive report 45 days prior to 32nd RAG Meeting (planned on 14-17 April 2025)

> RAG considered also:

- ✓ need for seminars, workshops or training events on regulatory and technical aspects of constellation systems for non-GSO communications,
- ✓ possibilities for the development of a comprehensive course of action to promote consistency and coherence in spectrum management practices for aeronautical and maritime services.

ITU-R Study Groups (https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-R/study-groups/Pages/default.aspx)



WP 5B – Maritime (incl. GMDSS) and aeronautical mobile services & radiodetermination

<u>WP 5C</u> – HF and other systems < 30 MHz in the fixed and land mobile services

WP 5D – IMT systems



Thank you!

Ilham Ghazi Head, Broadcasting Division Radiocommunication Bureau



May 2024 – 32nd Arab Spectrum Management Group meeting - Jordan

WRC-27 agenda – FSS, BSS and MSS issues

No.	WRC-27 Agenda Item	Description	WRC-23 Resolution	Responsible ITU-R Group
1.1	Aeronautical/maritime ESIMs 47.2-50.2 GHz / 50.4-51.4 GHz	Studies for M-ESIMs/A-ESIMs, actions at WRC-27 to meet increasing needs in mobile satellite broadband	176	WP 4A
1.2	FSS earth stations with smaller antenna in 13.75-14 GHz	Revise sharing conditions in 13.75-14 GHz to allow FSS ES with smaller antennas, to provide for more spectrum	129 (COM6/1)	WP 4A
1.3	Enabling gateway stations in 51.4-52.4 GHz for NGSO FSS	Revise conditions in 51.4-52.4 GHz to enable FSS NGSO gateways for broadband services	130 (COM6/3)	WP 4A
1.4	FSS/BSS allocations in 17 GHz in Region 3	FSS allocation in 17.3-17.7 GHz and BSS in 17.3-17.8 GHz in R3, to globally harmonize FSS, provide BSS spectrum	726 (COM6/24)	WP 4A
1.5	Unauthorized operation of NGSO earth stations	Limit unauthorized operation of NGSO earth stations of FSS/MSS and associated issues of the service area	14 (COM6/6)	WP 4A
1.6	Equitable access to FSS in 40 GHz, 42GHz, 48GHz, 50 GHz	Technical, regulatory measures for equitable access to FSS 37.5-42.5 GHz/42.5-43.5 GHz/47.2-50.2 GHz/50.4-51.4 GHz	131 (COM6/7)	WP 4A
1.11	Space-to-space links in MSS bands 1.5/1.6 GHz, 2.5 GHz	Space-to-space links in MSS bands 1.5/1.6 GHz, 2.5 GHz, for near-real time relay of data to or from the ground	249	WP 4C
1.12	MSS allocations for IoT developments	MSS allocations in 1 427-1 432 MHz, 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz, 1 880-1 920 MHz for development of IoT through NGSO	252 (COM6/8)	WP 4C
1.13	MSS – IMT direct to device connectivity	MSS allocations in 694 - 2 700 MHz for direct connectivity between space stations and IMT terrestrial devices	253 (COM6/9)	WP 4C
1.14	Additional MSS allocations	Additional MSS allocations in 2 010-2 025 MHz, 2 160-2 170 MHz in R1&3 and in 2 120-2 160 MHz globally	254 (COM6/10)	WP 4C

WRC-27 agenda – Fixed, mobile, science services

No.	WRC-27 Agenda Item	Description	WRC-23 Resolution	Responsible ITU-R Group		
	Fixed, mobile, radiolocation services					
1.7	IMT in 4400-4800 MHz / 7125- 8400 MHz / 14.8-15.35 GHz	IMT identifications in in 4400-4800 MHz / 7125-8400 MHz / 14.8-15.35 GHz, mainly for IMT-2030 and beyond	256 (COM6/26)	WP 5D		
1.8	Radiolocation in 231.5-275 GHz / 275-700 GHz	Allocations/ identification to RLS in 231.5-275 GHz/275-700 GHz for radars and radiometers for imaging and localization	663	WP 5B		
1.9	Modernization of AP26 – High Frequency AM(OR)S	Introduction of wide-band digital channels in AP26 – Plan for HF aeronautical mobile (off-route) service	411 (COM6/2)	WP 5B		
1.10	PFD and EIRP limits in 71-76 GHz, 81-86 GHz	Inclusion pfd, e.i.r.p. limits in Article 21 for FSS, MSS, BSS to protect fixed and mobile services in 71-76 GHz, 81-86 GHz	775	WP 5C		
		Science services				
1.15	SRS for lunar communications	New/modified SRS allocations for systems on lunar surface and between systems in lunar orbit and on lunar surface	680 (COM6/4)	WP 7B		
1.16	Radioastronomy operating in specific Radio Quiet Zones	Protection of radioastronomy from NGSO systems in Radio Quiet Zones in some bands between 10.6 and 134 GHz	681 (COM6/11)	WP 7D		
1.17	Space weather sensors	Allocations to MetAids service for receive-only space weather sensors and developing protection criteria	682 (COM6/12)	WP 7C		
1.18	EESS and Radioastronomy above 76 GHz	Protection of EESS (passive) and radio astronomy above 76 GHz from unwanted emissions of active services	252 (COM6/8)	WP 7C		
1.19	EESS (passive) in 4 200-4 400 MHz and 8 400-8 500 MHz	Global allocations to EESS in 4200-4400 MHz, 8 400-8 500 MHz for measurements of sea surface temperature	674 (COM4/8)	WP 7C		

Radio service abbreviations (1/2)

Abbreviations	Radio services	RR definition
AMS	aeronautical mobile service	No. 1.32
AM(R)S	aeronautical mobile (route) service	No. 1.33
AMSS	aeronautical mobile-satellite service	No. 1.35
AMS(R)S	aeronautical mobile-satellite (route) service	No. 1.36
ARNS	aeronautical radionavigation service	No. 1.46
ARNSS	aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service	No. 1.47
ARS	amateur service	No. 1.56
ARSS	amateur-satellite service	No. 1.57
BS	broadcasting service	No. 1.38
BSS	broadcasting-satellite service	No. 1.39
EESS	Earth exploration-satellite service	No. 1.51
FS	fixed service	No. 1.20
FSS	fixed-satellite service	No. 1.21
ISS	inter-satellite service	No. 1.22
LMS	land mobile service	No. 1.26
LMSS	land mobile-satellite service	No. 1.27
MetAids	meteorological aids service	No. 1.50
MetSat	meteorological-satellite service	No. 1.52

Radio service abbreviations (2/2)

Abbreviations	Radio services	RR definition
MMS	maritime mobile service	No. 1.28
MMSS	maritime mobile-satellite service	No. 1.29
MRNS	maritime radionavigation service	No. 1.44
MRNSS	maritime radionavigation-satellite service	No. 1.45
MS	mobile service	No. 1.24
MSS	mobile-satellite service	No. 1.25
RAS	radio astronomy service	No. 1.58
RDS	radiodetermination service	No. 1.40
RDSS	radiodetermination-satellite service	No. 1.41
RLS	radiolocation service	No. 1.48
RLSS	radiolocation-satellite service	No. 1.49
RNS	radionavigation service	No. 1.42
RNSS	radionavigation-satellite service	No. 1.43
SOS	space operation service	No. 1.23
SFTSS	standard frequency and time signal service	No. 1.53
SFTSSS	standard frequency and time signal-satellite service	No. 1.53
SRS	space research service	No. 1.55